

MOB'S BLOODY WORK BEGAN EARLY TODAY

A Priest Was Among Those Viciously Attacked by Hoodlums.

Talk of Calling Out State Troops--Scores Lie Badly Injured in the Hospitals.

Chicago, May 3.—Blood began flowing early today in the Chicago riot-ridden streets.

Sluggers armed with hickory canes and brass knuckles and black jacks, made indiscriminate assaults on citizens.

Within two hours after dawn, eight men had been badly beaten, one a Catholic priest who had just administered the last rites for the dying to another victim of the slugs.

While his negroes, imported from southern cities, were beating citizens with clubs and billies or slashing at them with knives, Frank Curry, who had his head cracked with bricks thrown at him yesterday, lies in a critical condition and physicians are almost despairing of his recovery.

Father Reilly, who was assaulted, had attended Thomas Atkins and was terribly beaten by six negroes in an alley.

Four other men were beaten by the same gang, all of whom were arrested.

Three of the victims will probably die.

Preliminary arrangements are completed for carrying out orders, which may be received, calling out state troops.

The strike situation assumed a peculiar aspect last night and interests which have been opposing the striking teamsters are not as united as the Team Owners' Association, which has contracts with railroads and many large firms throughout the city to transfer merchandise.

The Team Owners' Association, which employs none but union teamsters, flatly refused yesterday afternoon to make deliveries to any of the firms now involved in the strike, when ordered to do so by the Employers' Association. When the employers received this ultimatum they notified the Team Owners unless request that no discrimination be made in deliveries, efforts would be made to have all existing contracts between the team owners and business houses and railroads cancelled. These amount to millions annually.

The railroad men, contrary to the hopes of the Employers' Association, did not exert the influence on the Team Owners that was expected. They took practically the same stand, declaring the fight was something into which the railroads did not properly enter, that they had contracts with team owners, that these contracts were at present being fulfilled to their entire satisfaction and they could see no reason why the railroads should be dragged into the struggle.

During the day the employers had informed Mayor Dunne and Chief of Police O'Neil that they intended to move 1,855 wagons owned by them and the different express companies and manned by nonunion men. This necessitated the call for swarming in of 1,000 additional policemen, but after a conference at the Union League club, the employers modified their plans and informed the officials that they would only increase very slightly the number of wagons over that in service yesterday.

Judge Kohlsaat, of the United States circuit court, at the request of attorneys representing the express companies, issued a temporary injunction restraining all persons from interfering with the wagons of petitioners or men employed upon them.

Fighting in the streets was more fierce and savage yesterday than Monday and rioters attacked non-

union men at every opportunity, assailing them with bricks, stones, clubs, knives and any and every other sort of offensive weapon upon which they could lay their hands.

Fighting occurred in the heart of the business section of the city, men being shot within two hundred feet of the retail store of Marshall Field & Co., and clubbed nearly to death at the corner of the Auditorium hotel in plain view of hundreds of ladies who were compelled to run from the mob to save their own lives. In many instances men walking along the streets who had no active connection whatever with the strike were assaulted by hoodlums who beat them first and later accused them of being strike breakers.

As far as known but one man was killed during the day. The list of injured is much greater than that which it is possible to obtain. In many cases nonunion men swung their clubs with great effect, knocking men from their wagons heading into the street, in other instances, when assailed by mobs, they fired point blank into the crowds and it is difficult to see how members of the mob could escape many broken heads or how all bullets fired during the day should have gone wild.

The dead man is Charles Beard, who was struck on the forehead in a fight near the Auditorium hotel. He died of a fractured skull at the Mercy hospital, where he had been taken.

Among the injured is Frank Curry, leader of the nonunion men who was struck in the head by a stone while conducting wagons along Franklin street.

But Guyles and Paul Bastian, drivers for the United States Express company were attacked by a crowd on the west side while making deliveries. Guyles used a revolver in two attacks made upon the wagon and wounded four men, one of whom, Albert McIlvane, may die.

Guyles and Bastian were arrested. While holding the men under custody an enormous crowd gathered and was determined apparently to assassinate the prisoners. The officers drew revolvers and with great difficulty kept the crowd back until the arrival of the patrol wagon which took the prisoners to the police station.

During a riot last night at Halsted and Erie streets, which lasted for an hour, and in which fully 1,000 people were engaged, three policemen and three nonunion men were injured, and twice as many rioters were clubbed. An attempt was made to deliver coal in that section.

The wagons and police escort were repeatedly attacked and finally both the police and drivers drew revolvers and fired several times over the heads of the crowd. The mob gave way and the police dispersed it.

Each express wagon sent out today was provided with a guard who carried a Winchester rifle. The number of wagons in use by the express company today was 162. A riot occurred near Union Station when strike sympathizers attempted to stop express wagons. At the flash of revolvers the crowd scattered.

Negro Strikebreakers Refuse to Work
Chicago, May 3.—The police report that many negro strikebreakers refused to go to work this morning. They say they will not be caught here in a fight among white men for two dollars and a half a day.

Only six hundred wagons were sent out this morning, instead of the eighteen hundred as planned.

Youthful Cashier Confesses to Ten Thousand Dollar Shortage

Louisville, Ky., May 3.—Albert C. Rice, cashier of the Deposit bank of Gratz, Ky., just east of Louisville, and the youngest bank cashier in Kentucky, is a confessed defaulter in the sum of over ten thousand dollars.

He resigned his position to organize another bank at Nashville, Ind., to open June 1.

Then the shortage was discovered and the new cashier refusing to even open the books till they had been investigated.

Rice, who comes from an old and wealthy family of Mercer county,

this state, is but twenty-two years old, and the money was spent on flowers, presents, candies, theater parties, dinners, etc., very little going for himself beyond for his clothes which were the best.

He had been cashier of the bank for two years and all the shortage was spent in that time.

He is still at Gratz and with boyish frankness admits his shortage. His stepfather, Dr. O. P. Meredith, of Burgin, Ky., is trying to arrange a compromise with the bank people.

No arrest has been made and none will be, so it is said.

NEW AMBASSADOR RECEIVED AT PARIS

Mr. McCormick Received in Fitting Style.

The French Capital a Scene of a Brilliant Demonstration That Occurred Yesterday.

SOME COMMENT FROM LONDON.

Paris, May 3.—Ambassador McCormick was received by President Loubet yesterday with that military pomp which traditionally marks an ambassador's first meeting with the head of the republic.

The ambassador's party was escorted by a squadron of cuirassiers, attracting throngs of sightseers. Arriving at the palace of the Elysee a brilliant picture was presented by long lines of infantry making a complete circuit of the palace court. As the ambassadorial party drove within the circle of infantry the band took up the American national anthem, and the French tri-color was dipped in salute.

The reception occurred in the salon Des Ambassadeurs, where President Loubet was assisted by Foreign Minister Delcasse and a number of officials. In presenting his credentials McCormick spoke of the century's friendship uniting France and the United States in an alliance more enduring than that of treaties. He referred also to the recent closer feeling of friendship between France and the mother country of America. These feelings of friendship, he said, were of the greatest benefit to commercial and pacific interests, which are those of the progressive world.

President Loubet, replying, said France had no prouder heritage than her participation in the work which brought the powerful American nation into being. More than a century's test had not been able to interrupt the friendship first established. As McCormick withdrew the American anthem was again heard and the party was escorted with military ceremony back to the American embassy.

A Significant Speech.

London, May 3.—The correspondent at Paris of the Times comments upon the importance and significance of American Ambassador McCormick's address to President Loubet, and says his reference to the Anglo-French entente is perhaps one of the weightiest expressions of American feeling which has been forthcoming for some time past.

GOVERNMENT BONDS Considered By State Board in Assessing National Banks.

Frankfort, Ky., May 3.—The state board of valuation and assessment has determined that it would base the value of the shares of stock of national banks for the purpose of taxation this year on the total amount of the capital stock, surplus fund and undivided profits after deducting the value of real estate held by the bank.

This method does not provide for deduction of the government bonds held by the bank, which attorneys representing a number of these institutions contended for on the idea that they should be deducted as non-taxable securities of the state banks in arriving at the value of their franchise.

The assessment of national bank shares in the hands of the bank is being made this year for the first time by the board of valuation and assessment instead of by the local assessors. The assessment is made under an act of the last general assembly session.

CAN'T BE ENJOINED

From Paying the \$50,000,000 Appropriated For Canal.

Washington, May 3.—The court of appeals of the District of Columbia has decided that the secretary of the treasury cannot be enjoined from paying the \$50,000,000 appropriated by congress for the purchase of Panama canal property.

The decision was rendered in a suit brought by Warren B. Wilson, of Chicago, who attacked the act as unconstitutional.

Holds Parlor Cards Gambling.

Guthrie, Okla., May 3.—In a written opinion given to the ministerial alliance of Hobart, Prosecuting Attorney Connor of Kiowa county, holds that women playing cards in their parlors for prizes are violating the gambling laws, but indicates that he will not punish them for the offense.

FORTY-EIGHT REPRESENT- ED IN THE ASSEM- BLAGE.

Washington, May 3.—In the presence of members of the cabinet, the supreme court, diplomatic corps, and other high government officials, as well as eight hundred delegates to the international railway congress representing forty-eight nations of the world, the railway appliance exhibition formally opened today. The principal address was made by Secretary of the Navy Morton.

MUST GO TO COLON.

Illinois Central Notified as to Point Where Shipments Are to Land.

Chicago, May 3.—John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal, said today to officials of the Illinois Central railroad that an order would be issued stating that hereafter all deliveries of shipments from this country would be at Colon.

This order, it is said, will open the door to western and southern manufacturers enabling them to enter into competition for the supplies needed in the canal zone. This order regarding delivery will make New Orleans a shipping point and passenger rates to the isthmus via New Orleans will be on a parity with those from New York.

OUT OF BANK.

Water Stands Foot Deep in Brazos Bottoms From Hearn to Richmond.

Houston, Texas, May 3.—The Brazos river is going out over the bottoms all along the valley from Hearn to Richmond, and is rising slowly at the latter place. The water is a foot and a half deep in the town of Columbia near the mouth, and has spread out over a considerable area of farm land. The damage is greatly lessened by the warning, which enabled the farmers to get their stock out, but the loss to cotton and corn will amount to many thousands of dollars.

The other rivers are apparently at a stand.

WILL VISIT CINCINNATI.

Miss Alice Roosevelt to Make Two Weeks' Stay in Queen City.

New York, May 3.—Miss Alice Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to make a visit in Cincinnati with Mrs. Longworth, mother of Representative Longworth.

The visit of the president's daughter will extend over two weeks, and Cincinnati society people are already making preparations for social entertainments in her honor. Representative Longworth himself will give a luncheon for her at the country club.

MR. CORTELYOU

Said to Have Accepted Presidency of the Equitable.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—Postmaster General Cortelyou is said to have accepted the presidency of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, in spite of official denials.

He is said to be acceptable to both factions in their fight for control.

PRESIDENTIAL CLASS

For the Postoffice at Sebree, Kentucky.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—Harry Westerfield has been decided upon for postmaster at Sebree, Ky. The business of the office has grown so the office will soon be put in the presidential class.

Jeff to Go Into Business.

Cincinnati, O., May 3.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavy weight pugilist has decided to retire from the prize ring and the stage and go into business with his brother in California.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Wheat—	Open.	Close.
May	9 1/4	9 1/2
July	8 3/4	8 3/4
Corn—		
May	48 1/2	48 1/2
July	46 1/2	46 1/2
Oats—		
May	29 1/2	29 1/2
July	29 1/2	28 1/2
Pork—		
July	12.20	12.20
Cotton—		
May	7.56	7.50
July	7.52	7.45
Aug	7.55	7.52
Oct.	7.59	7.65
Stocks—		
L. C.	1.60 1/2	1.59
L. & N.	1.46 1/2	1.46

RUSSIAN SHIPS ARE BOUND FOR HARBOR

Where They Have Stored Big Supply of Coal.

More Talk of Peace—Russians Reported to Have Captured British Ship.

A TOUCHING ARMY INCIDENT

Hong Kong, May 3.—The British steamer Woodford reports seeing a Russian volunteer cruiser and some German vessels taking coal and provisions in Saigon Bay. The Woodford's officers say that thousands of tons of coal are stacked along Saigon river for the use of the Russians.

A Touching Incident.

Ganshu Pass, May 3.—A touching incident occurred during the Easter celebration here. After the morning service all the troops in the region around headquarters were drawn up in line before Gen. Linevitch's tent and the commander-in-chief came out, greeted the troops and passed down the line saluting each and every soldier with a kiss. All the men were much moved, and many of them wept. The incident served to increase their boundless worship of the old gray leader.

Gen. Linevitch continues energetically the reorganization of the various departments of the armies.

Staff Captain Shoubersky, who has returned here after making a reconnaissance on the Mongolian frontier, reports that thousands of Chinese bandits under Japanese leaders are moving beyond the border.

Japanese Loan Tabulations.

Tokio, May 3.—The tabulations of the subscriptions to the fifth loan of \$50,000,000 have not yet been completed, but there are indications that the entire loan has been placed at a premium. It is evident that some of the larger interests were temporarily withholding their subscriptions in order to obtain part of the loan at the best possible rate.

Captured British Steamer.

Kobe, May 3.—It is reported that the Russians captured the British steamer Planet Venus, which sailed from Antwerp February 25 for Yokohama, and reported at Colombo, Ceylon, April 5.

Destruction of Russians.

Tokio, May 3.—It is rumored that the destination of all the Russian fleets is Petropavlosk, on Kamchatka Peninsula, in Northwestern Asia. The Russians it is stated, have been accumulating coal there.

Peace Rumors Again.

London, May 3.—The Tokio correspondent of the Telegraph says: "A diplomatic representative of one of the great powers closely connected with the war says that it is undeniably true that President Roosevelt is endeavoring to make peace as soon as possible."

JULY 10TH

Is the Date Set For Caleb Powers' Next Trial.

Georgetown, Ky., May 3.—July 10 was today fixed as the date of the trial of Caleb Powers. On that date the defense will file a petition to transfer the case to the federal court of Eastern Kentucky.

A petition for the removal of the case to federal court was filed this morning, but Judge Stout desired to wait until July 10 to decide.

ALMOST A MILLION.

Is the Loss in a Fire at Springfield, Illinois, Today.

Springfield, Ill., May 3.—The plant of the Springfield Boiler Manufacturing company burned this morning, loss three hundred and fifty thousand dollars. If valuable government contracts are figured in the loss will be almost a million.

UNLUCKY BRYAN

Father-in-Law Dies and One of His Houses Burned.

Lincoln, Neb., May 3.—John Baird, father of Mrs. William Jennings Bryan, died this morning from the infirmities of old age.

A house on Bryan's Fairview farm burned this morning and the overseer's family narrowly escaped.

Theodore Hallam.

Covington, Ky., May 3.—Theodore Hallam, the well-known attorney, who had been in a dying condition for several days, died at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Daughter of Late Jim Brown Killed by Admiral in Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 3.—Mrs. Annie Stoffer, better known as Miss Annie Brown, was shot and almost instantly killed at 6:45 o'clock last night by Fred Street. Street at once turned the weapon on himself and fired, death resulting in a few seconds. The tragedy resulted, it is said, from Mrs. Stoffer's refusal to permit Street to pay her attentions.

The dead woman was a daughter of the late Jim Brown, the horseman who was killed at Garfield Park race track near Chicago in October, 1892. Her brother was Gayland Brown, who was killed by a locomotive several years ago. Still another brother, Ed. Brown, has a string of horses following the racing circuit.

Her father, Jim Brown, was at one time one of the best known horsemen in this country. Prior to his engaging in the racing business he had served as sheriff of Lee county, Texas, and was a unique character.

LOOKED OVER PROPERTY.

To Be Sold From the Poor Farm Strip.

Yesterday afternoon Justice J. R. Thompson, Justice Sears and Justice Burney, went out with Messrs. Walters and Jennings, the real estate men who want to buy a strip of ground off the poor farm property to extend Jones street through to the Mayfield road, and looked over the plans of the real estate men.

The strip will run 145 feet wide from the largest end, it being funnel shaped, and will run about 200 feet long. The magistrates forming the committee seems to think that the sale of that much property with the building of the street will be an advantage to the county and will recommend that the land be sold, \$250 being the purchase price. It is understood the property will be sold Saturday.

TWO BOYS

ARRESTED FOR CRIMINALLY ASSAULTING SMALL GIRLS.

The Police Arrest All Four to Make An Investigation.

Arthur Stokes and Charles Brown, the former aged 15 and latter 14, are under arrest charged with criminally assaulting Ada Davis age 12, and Ruby Irvin, age 11, all colored, last night about 8 o'clock, near 10th and Caldwell streets.

The girls complained to their mothers of the action of the boys and this morning the mothers informed Officer Henry Singery and wanted the boys prosecuted. Within a few hours after the report reached the police, a search was instituted and all four were taken to the city hall to undergo a rigid questioning. The police take little stock in the charge but will give the case a thorough investigation. All four live near 10th and Caldwell streets.

SEVEN YEARS

For the Man Who Falsified the Books.

Cleveland, May 3.—Cashier Spear of the Oberlin bank, wrecked by Mrs. Chadwick, pleaded guilty to falsifying the books today and was sentenced to seven years.

Wisconsin Passes Most Far-Reaching Anti-Graft Measure Ever Proposed.

Milwaukee, May 3.—A special anti-graft bill is now law, the governor having affixed his signature to it today. It is one of the most far-reaching measures against corruption ever passed, and many inquiries for copies of the bill are being received from merchants and others all over the state.

It is not aimed at corruption in politics, but at grafting in business

SOLDIERS FIRED INTO MOB AT LODZ

Four Killed and Several Others Wounded by Volley.

Great Excitement Prevails in Russian Cities—75,000 Are Now Out On a Strike.

THE END NOT YET IN SIGHT.

Warsaw, May 3.—The greatest excitement prevails throughout the city and soldiers and police are guarding all the streets at Lodz.

This morning a crowd attacked a number of policemen.

A sergeant was killed and a detective wounded. Soldiers fired into the crowd killing four and wounding three.

75,000 On a Strike.

Warsaw, May 3.—The industrial population are deeply exasperated over sanguinary results of Monday's encounters. Strikes have been inaugurated on a large scale here and at Lodz and in other cities are rapidly spreading. 75,000 persons are on strike in Lodz. The Cossacks are patrolling the streets of Warsaw by companies on account of danger to smaller detachments.

A great crowd which gathered in front of police stations to which corpses of those killed on Monday had been taken, demanded bodies of their dead. It was dispersed by Cossacks.

According to an official statement, the dead, not including those of wounded, who died in hospitals, numbered 31.

In Lodz, according to an official report, four women were killed.

WENT TO JURY

NAN PATTERSON CASE SOON TO BE DECIDED.

She is Still Confident of Being Acquitted of the Charge of Killing "Caesar" Young.

New York, May 3.—The tragedy in Nan Patterson's life may reach its final chapter today.

Recorder Goff this morning charged the jury with the law and degrees of murder that could be found under the evidence submitted, and the jury retired to deliberate on the verdict.

The jury went to lunch at 2:20 p. m., today, without having agreed.

The fate of Nan Patterson will be in the hands of the jury today. Assistant District Attorney Rand completed his closing argument for the prosecution late yesterday afternoon and court adjourned.

At the close of the argument after Prosecutor Rand had arraigned her in most scathing terms, had asserted her silence in this trial was confession of guilt, had declared that her sister had lied on the stand and that her counsel had based his plea for her life on a foundation of fabrications, Nan Patterson said she felt confident that the jury would acquit her.

and provides that whoever gives or offers any servant or employee as gift or graft, whatever the intention to influence his actions in relation to his employer's business, or any employee who requests or accepts such a gift shall be liable to a fine of from \$10 to \$500 or by such fine and imprisonment for one year.

It is claimed that this law if enforced will put a stop to the giving of tips to porters, bootblacks or waiters.

Telephone Man's Little Son Killed by Eating Deadly Strychnine Tablets

Paul, the one-year-old child of Mr. J. W. Jewell, an electrician for the People's Independent Telephone Co., who resides on South Fifth street near Adams, was accidentally poisoned today shortly before noon by eating tablets containing strychnine, death resulting in a short time.

The tablets were in a grip and used by one of the family for a stom-

ach remedy. The little fellow shortly before noon opened the grip and finding the tablets swallowed several. The drug had quick effect, killing him within a short time, death coming at 12:10 o'clock.

Physicians were called and everything possible done to save the little one, but too late. No funeral arrangements have been made.